I never signed up for this!

Privacy implications of email tracking

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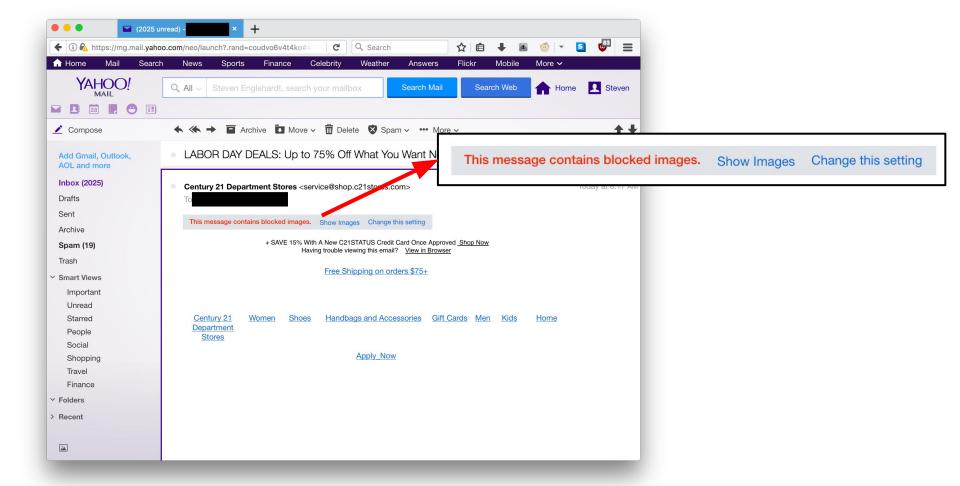
<u>Joint work with:</u> Jeffrey Han and Arvind Narayanan

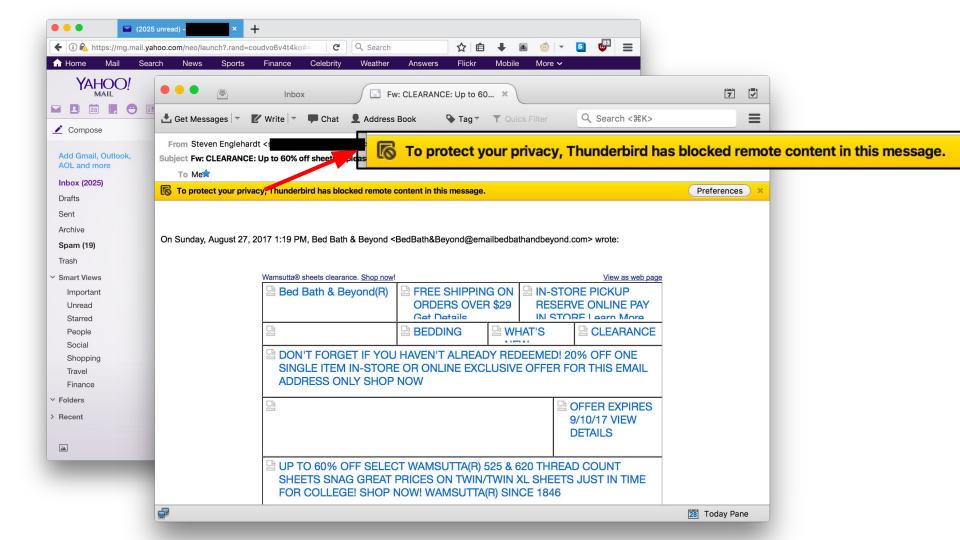
I'm now at...



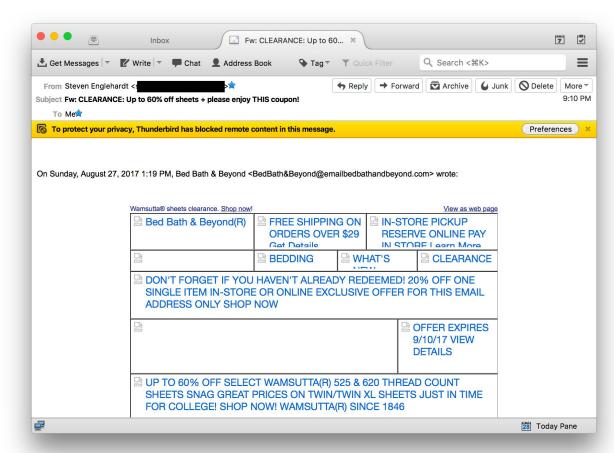


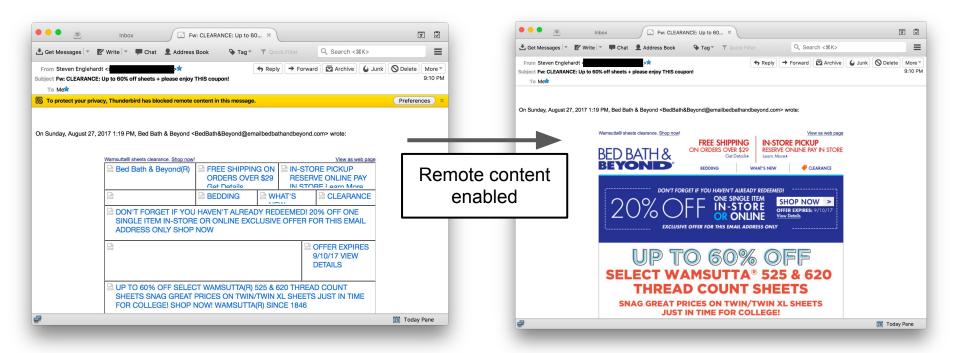




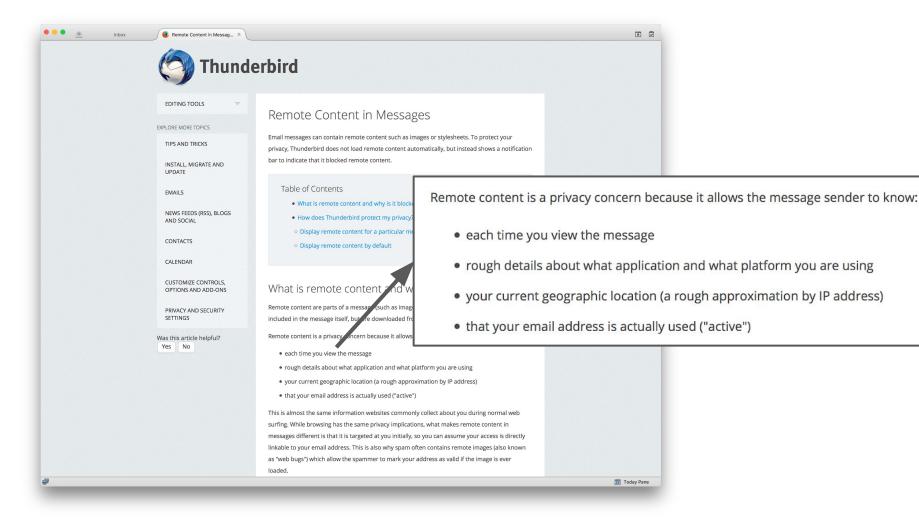


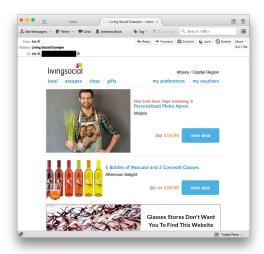
Many emails are completely unreadable without remote content!



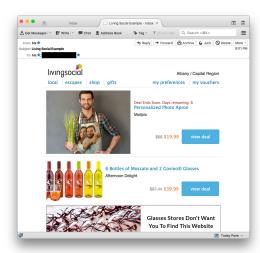


What are the privacy implications?





Emails are tracked far beyond send tracking



Your device contacts 24 companies

- → 20 can track you (if supported)
- → 10 receive an MD5 hash of your email address

Receives MD5(email address) & Sets a Cookie

American List Counsel (alcmpn.com)

LiveIntent (liadm.com)

Oracle (nexac.com)

Acxiom (rlcdn.com, pippio.com, acxiom-online.com)

Criteo (criteo.com)

Conversant Media (dotomi.com)

V12 Data (v12group.com)

VideoAmp (videoamp.com)

<Unknown> (alocdn.com)

Sets a Cookie

OpenX (openx.net)

comScore (scorecardresearch.com, voicefive.com)

Oracle (bluekai.com)

Google (doubleclick.net)

Realtime Targeting Aps (mojn.com)

MediaMath (mathtag.com)

TapAd (tapad.com)

IPONWEB (bidswitch.net)

AOL (advertising.com)

Centro (sitescout.com)

The Trade Desk (adsrvr.org)

Adobe (demdex.net)

Receives MD5(email addr.)

Criteo (emailretargeting.com) **Neustar** (agkn.com)

Receives Bare Request

LiveIntent (licasd.com)

Google (2mdn.net)

Akamai (akamai.net)

A user's email address is the perfect identifier!

- It's unique
- It rarely changes
- It's the same across devices
- Consumers freely provide it to stores
- There's a lot of associated data

PII-based tracking $UUID = {$ MD5(bob@example.com), SHA1(bob@example.com), SHA256(bob@example.com)

Why hashed email addresses? User privacy!

LiveIntent Privacy Policy

Source: https://liveintent.com/services-privacy-policy

<u>To de-identify this information</u>, either we or our business partners [hash it].

Criteo Privacy Policy

Source: https://www.criteo.com/privacy/

we use a double hashing method ... to <u>ensure the non-reversibility</u> of your information. A hash of your email corresponds to a series of characters that <u>does not permit your identification</u>.

Maybe hashing isn't so effective at protecting users...



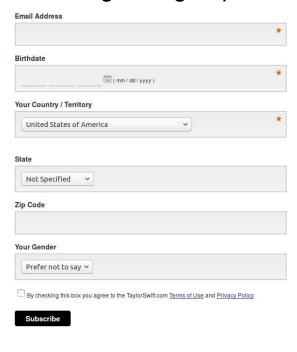
More on this:

https://freedom-to-tinker.com/2018/04/09/four-cents-to-deanonymize-companies-reverse-hashed-email-addresses/

Methods

Challenge: Measurements require the automated submission of PII to sites

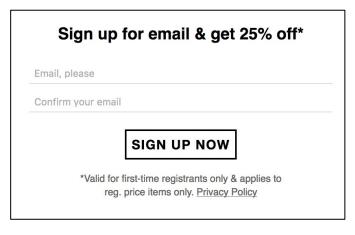
Mailing list sign-ups



Login Forms

Sign in		
Email address:		
Password:		
I forgot my pass	word.	
SIGN IN	Cancel	

Measuring email tracking at scale



- 1. Crawled 15,700 sites
- 2. Signed up for mailing lists
- Received 13,000 emails from ~900 sites
- 4. Measured tracking with OpenWPM

https://github.com/citp/OpenWPM



Email ,

Web
 Tracking

- Javascript

Our Findings

Many of the top web trackers are in emails

Domain	% of Emails	% of Top 1M
doubleclick.net	22.2	47.5
mathtag.com	14.2	7.9
dotomi.com	12.7	3.5
adnxs.com	12.2	13.2
tapad.com	11.0	2.6
liadm.com	11.0	0.4
returnpath.net	11.0	< 0.1
bidswitch.net	10.5	4,9
fonts.googleapis.com	10.2	39.4
list-manage.com	10.1	< 0.1

85% of emails embed third parties (with an average of 5 per email)

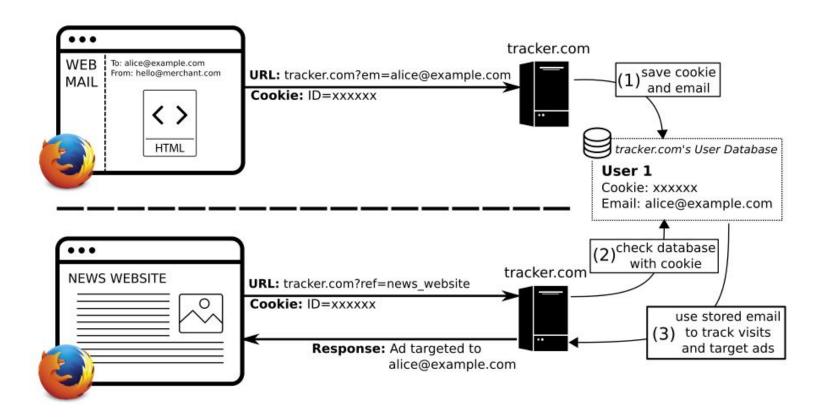
Leak	# of Senders	# of Recipients
MD5	100	38
SHA1	64	19
SHA256	69	13
Plaintext Domain	55	2
Plaintext Address	77	54
URL Encoded Address	6	8
SHA1 of MD5*	1	1
SHA256 of MD5*	1	1
MD5 of MD5*	1	1
SHA384	1	1

29% of emails (from 19% of senders) leak the email address to third parties

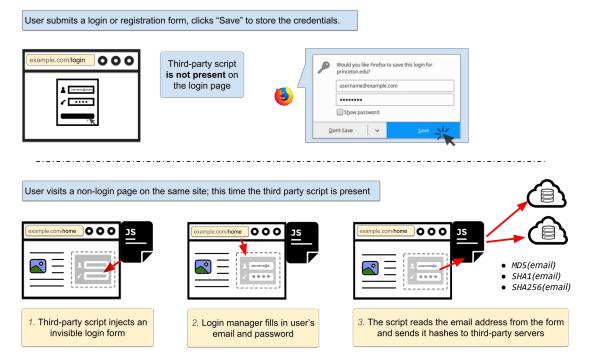
A sample leak: 12 redirects in a single image tag

Row	Request URL
0	http://inbox.washingtonexaminer.com/imp?s=&e= <email>&p=0</email>
1	$\label{limit} http://p.liadm.com/imp?\&m = < MD5 > \&sh = < SHA1 > \&sh2 = < SHA256 > \&dom = < EMAIL_DOMAIN >$
2	http://x.bidswitch.net/sync?ssp=liveintent&bidder_id=5298&licd=3357&x=EGF.M
3	http://x.bidswitch.net/ul_cb/sync?ssp=liveintent&bidder_id=5298&licd=3357&x=EGF.M
4	http://p.adsymptotic.com/d/px/?_pid=12688&_psign=d3e69&bidswitch_ssp_id=liveintent&_redirect=
5	$http://p.adsymptotic.com/d/px/?_pid = 12688\&_psign = d3e69\&bidswit\&_redirect =\&_expected_cookie =$
6	http://x.bidswitch.net/sync?dsp_id=126&user_id=84f3&ssp=liveintent
7	$\verb http://i.liadm.com/s/19751?bidder_id=5298\&licd=3357\&bidder_uuid=<\texttt{UUID_1}>$
8	http://cm.g.doubleclick.net/pixel?google_nid=liveintent_dbm&google_cm&google_sc
9	http://cm.g.doubleclick.net/pixel?google_nid=liveintent_dbm&google_cm=&google_sc=&google_tc=
10	http://p.liadm.com/match_g?bidder_id=24314&bidder_uuid= <uuid_2>&google_cver=1</uuid_2>
11	http://x.bidswitch.net/sync?ssp=liveintent&bidder_id=5298&licd=
12	http://pool.udsp.iponweb.net/sync?ssp=bidswitch&bidswitch_ssp_id=liveintent

Trackers can correlate email and web tracking

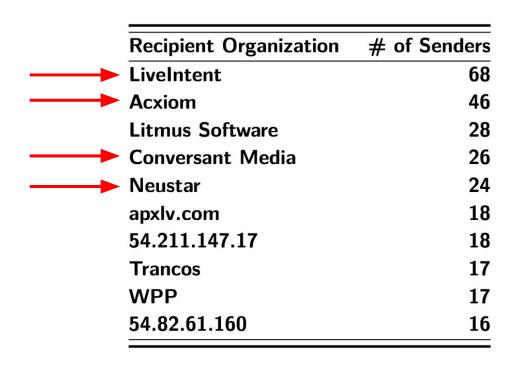


Ongoing research: trackers also harvest email addresses from the web



https://freedom-to-tinker.com/tag/noboundaries/

Is identity-based marketing the future?



The top email collectors all sell "identity-based" marketing. Allowing advertisers to reach individuals on any device and connect with individual purchase data and other offline data.

Defenses

Mail Client	Platform	Proxies Content	Blocks Images	Blocks Referrers	Blocks Cookies	Ext. Support
Gmail	Web	Yes	No*	L: Yes, I: Yes†	Yes†	Yes
Yahoo! Mail	Web	No	Yes	L: Yes, I: No	No	Yes
Outlook Web App	Web	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Outlook.com	Web	No	No*	No	No	Yes
Yandex Mail	Web	Yes	No*	L: Yes, I: Yes†	Yes†	Yes
GMX	Web	No	No*	No	No	Yes
Zimbra	Web	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
163.com	Web	No	No*	No	No	Yes
Sina	Web	No	No	No	No	Yes
Apple Mail	iOS	No	No*	Yes	Yes	No
Gmail	iOS	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Gmail	Android	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Apple Mail	Desktop	No	No*	Yes	Yes	No
Windows Mail	Desktop	No	No*	Yes	No	No
Outlook 2016	Desktop	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Thunderbird	Desktop	No	Yes	Yes	Optional (Default: No)	Yes

Table 12. A survey of the privacy impacting features of email clients. We explore whether the client proxies image requests, blocks images by default, blocks referrer headers from being sent (with image requests "I:" and with link clicks "L:"), blocks external resources from settings cookies, and whether or not the client supports request blocking extensions — either through the browser (for web clients) or directly (in the case of Thunderbird).

^{*}Images are only blocked for messages considered spam.

[†] Blocking occurs as a result of proxied content.

Tracking defenses are incomplete

Block cookies

- Prevents PII leaks from being connected to tracking cookies
- Doesn't prevent linkage of PII to IP address / passive fingerprint

Proxy image requests

- Prevents linkage of PII to cookies, IP, and fingerprint
- Doesn't prevent targeted advertising / data collection

Block images

Prevents tracking, but many emails are unreadable

Ad blockers help, but don't fully protect users



- Nearly half of the recipients of leaked email addresses are blocked (from 99 to 51)
- The number of senders leaking email addresses drops from 19% to 7%

...they also aren't available on all platforms

Our proposal: Filtering at the service provider level

Performs almost as well as client-side filtering; misses redirects

Our proposal: Filtering at the service provider level

Server-side filtering using blocklists

Performs almost as well as client-side filtering; misses redirects

Takeaways

Takeaways

- 1. The line between email tracking/marketing and web tracking is blurry
- 2. We need better email tracking defenses.
 - a. Is measurement + filtering the only path forward?
- 3. A budding industry is building around tracking with hashed identifiers
 - a. Hard to block and control. Is policy the only solution?

Data + Code: https://github.com/citp/email-tracking

Paper: https://senglehardt.com/publications